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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/826,713	04/16/2004	William D. Boyd	TI-37214	2185
23494 7590 06/04/2007 TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED P O BOX 655474, M/S 3999 DALLAS, TX 75265			EXAMINER SANDVIK, BENJAMIN P	
			ART UNIT 2826	PAPER NUMBER
			NOTIFICATION DATE 06/04/2007	DELIVERY MODE ELECTRONIC

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

uspto@ti.com  
uspto@dlemail.itg.ti.com

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/826,713	<b>Applicant(s)</b> BOYD ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Ben P. Sandvik	<b>Art Unit</b> 2826	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 October 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 5-9 and 12 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 5-9 and 12 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Response to Arguments***

Applicant's arguments, filed 10/3/2006, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 5 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Joshi. Please note that this office action replaces the previous final rejection of 12/15/2006.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The amended limitation "singulating the wafer into individual device units" of claim 5 implies that the method of claim contains the step of singulating the wafer **and** separating encapsulated device units into individual encapsulated device units. This method is not described in the specification.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 6, 8, 9, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lo, in view of Egawa, further in view of Chow et al (U.S. Patent #6413851), further in view of Joshi et al (U.S. PG Pub #2003/0173684).

With respect to **claim 5**, Lo teaches providing a device unit (Fig. 7, 210), said unit having an active surface (Fig. 7, 212), a plurality of patterned metal contact pads (Fig. 7, 216), each contact pad having an outer surface suitable to form metallurgical bonds without melting (Col 3 Ln 50-52); providing a leadframe suitable for the device unit (Fig. 7, 202), each segment having first and second ends covered by solderable metal (Fig. 9, inner and outer ends of leads 202, respectively); placing a predetermined amount of solder paste on each of said first segment ends (Col 3 Ln 50-52); aligning said leadframe with said wafer so that each of said paste-covered segment ends is aligned with the corresponding metal stud of the respective device unit (Fig. 7, 218); connecting said leadframe to said wafer by contacting said metal studs and said first segment ends and reflowing said solder paste (Col 3 Ln 50-52); encapsulating said wafer in a molding compound so that said active surface and exposed portion of the opposite surface of said device units and said first segment ends are covered, while said second segment ends remain exposed (Fig. 7, 228); but does not

teach that a leadframe having a plurality of segment groups for each device unit is placed on a wafer having a plurality of device units, or separating an encapsulated wafer and leadframe into individual encapsulated device units to create a plurality of assembled, package semiconductor devices. Egawa teaches attaching a continuous conductive film having a wiring pattern (Fig. 2, 21) for each device unit (Fig. 1, 13) to a wafer (Fig. 1, collective of many devices 13), and then singulating the wafer and wiring layer into discrete devices (Col 5 Ln 61-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to attach the leadframe of Lo, having a segment group for each device unit, onto a wafer prior to singulating as taught by Egawa in order to efficiently produce the discrete device units.

Furthermore, Lo does not teach that the device unit is protected by an overcoat, said overcoat having a plurality of windows exposing the metal contact pads, a patterned barrier metal layer on said pad metal in said windows and on portions of said overcoat, which surround the perimeter of said windows. Chow teaches a chip having an overcoat (Fig. 1, 6) having a plurality of windows exposing a metal contact pad (Fig. 1, 4); a barrier metal layer on said pad and on portions of said overcoat (Fig. 1, 8). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide an overcoat and barrier metal on the chip of Lo as taught by Chow in order to protect the surface of the chip and to increase the adhesion to the metal pad, respectively.

Lastly, Lo does not teach a copper stud on each contact pad. Joshi teaches providing a copper stud on the contact pads of a device (Fig. 3, 22 and Paragraph 35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide copper studs on the contact pads of Lo as taught by Joshi because the stud bumps have a lower electrical resistance than conventional connections (see Paragraphs 35 and 36 of Joshi).

With respect to **claim 6**, Lo does not teach the step of separating said encapsulated wafer comprises a sawing technique. Egawa teaches sawing a wafer to form separate devices. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form multiple device on the same wafer and saw the wafer as taught by Lo in order to efficiently produce multiple discrete devices.

With respect to **claim 8**, Lo teaches that said device units are integrated circuits (Col 1 Ln 13).

With respect to **claim 9**, Lo teaches that said assembled, packaged semiconductor device are chip-scale devices (Col 1 Ln 21).

With respect to **claim 12**, Lo teaches the step of attaching a heat spreader surface to the chip surface opposite said active surface prior to said step of encapsulating so that the spreader surface opposite said attached surface remains exposed (Fig. 7, 230).

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lo, Egawa, Chow, and Joshi, in view of Huang (U.S. Patent #6384472).

With respect to **claim 7**, Lo and Egawa do not teach that the step of separating said encapsulated wafer comprises a laser cutting technique (Col 5 Ln 21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a laser to separate the encapsulated wafer of Lo and Egawa in order to cut along a scribe line.

### ***Conclusion***

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

Art Unit: 2826

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ben P. Sandvik whose telephone number is (571) 272-8446. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571)272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

bps



**EVAN PERT  
PRIMARY EXAMINER**